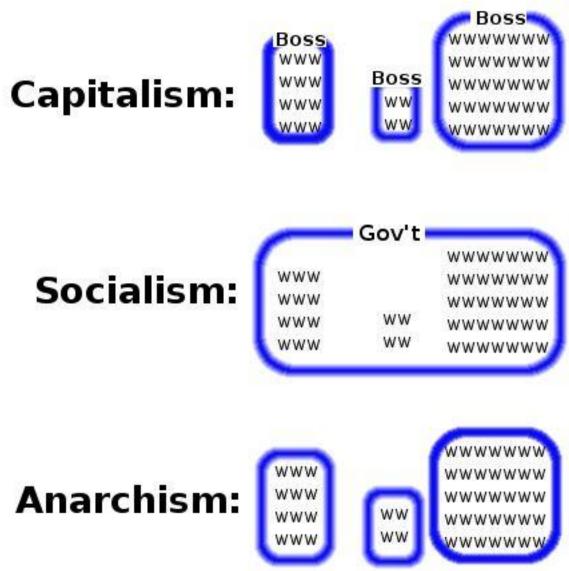
Teacher Notes for Haymarket

I've had great success teaching this lesson **after** the story about worker-run businesses in Argentina, "Who's the Boss?" That way students have an idea of what worker-run businesses look like. Another quick point: After going over the story, I inevitably have to explain the idea of a society based on anarchism. I do so by first making the diagram below of society under capitalism and socialism. (the "w"s are workers, and the groups of them are workplaces; the blue boxes indicate who has control over those workplaces) This makes it a lot easier for students to understand at least the ideal of an anarchist society.

(This is also a great lesson to teach on May Day.)



Haymarket and the Eight-Hour Workday

Most workers in the US work eight hours a day. But it wasn't always this way. In 1886, the rich made everyone work too much, for too little money, in dangerous jobs. People worked 10 to 12 hours a day, 6 days a week. Children did the same work as adults – sometimes even more. If you wanted to make things better, the police would stop you.

Workers had to fight to get better lives. One big *union* said that after May 1st, 1886, no one should work more than eight hours in one day. On May

1st there was a *march* of 80,000 people for the eight hour day. The next day there was a *huge strike* all around the United States. About 350,000 people went on strike.



Children worked in factories for very little money.



Albert Parsons, one of the eight protest organizers.

In Chicago, the police killed four people and hurt many more at a strike. The next day there was a large *protest* at Haymarket Square in downtown Chicago. At the end of the protest, someone threw a bomb at the police. Then the police shot many people. About 11 people, including 8 police officers, were killed.

The police arrested eight organizers of the protest. No one said they threw the

bomb. The police never found out who did it. But because they *organized* the protest, the courts said the bomb was their fault.

Workers around America and the world said it wasn't their fault. There were huge protests for them. Five of the eight organizers were immigrants. And all eight were anarchists. Anarchists believe people want to work together and help each other, and that we don't need bosses or the police. Anarchists believe in democracy in our jobs. Immigrants and anarchists were not popular in America. The courts killed four of the eight organizers, and the rest went to jail for a long time.

Haymarket was one of the most important protests for workers' rights in America. After the protests, May 1^{st} , or "May Day," was a holiday to celebrate how important working people are. Almost every country celebrates May Day – except for the US.



Lucy Parsons, wife of Albert Parsons. She never stopped fighting for workers' rights.

Vocabulary

- 1. *union* noun An organization of workers who help each other get good work with respect. "I'm in a carpenters union."
- 2. *march* noun When many people walk together, to protest or a celebrate.
- 3. huge adjective Very, very big. "That new building is huge!"
- 4. *strike* noun When workers stop working to get what they need.
- 5. *protest* noun People come together to make something better.
- 6. A march is one kind of protest. A strike is another kind.
- 7. organizer noun A person who makes something big happen.
- 8. *organize* verb To make something big happen. "I organized a wedding."



A **strike** at Vons grocery store.

Vocabulary Practice

Please match the vocabulary words to their definitions.

- 1.___ Protest A. The day we remember Haymarket and working people.
- 2. March B. When workers do not go to work so they can get what they need.
- 3.___ Organizer C. Many people come together to change something bad.
- 4.___ Strike **D.** Very, very big.
- 5. Organize E. When many people walk together.
- 6.___ Union F. A person who makes something big happen.
- 7. Huge G. To make something big happen.
- 8.—— **H.** An organization of workers who help each other get more money and benefits.

Questions

- 1. Do you think the eight hour workday is important? Why?
- 2. Why do companies want you to work more than eight hours?



Dolores Huerta & Cesar Chavez were union organizers. They helped immigrant farm workers get more money and safer work – and more respect from the boss.

- 3. Why do workers today have the eight hour day and benefits?
- 4. Why do you think the courts sent the Haymarket organizers to jail, and killed some of them?
- 5. They Haymarket Protests were not successful. Were they still important? Why?
- 6. Why do you think we don't celebrate May Day in the US?